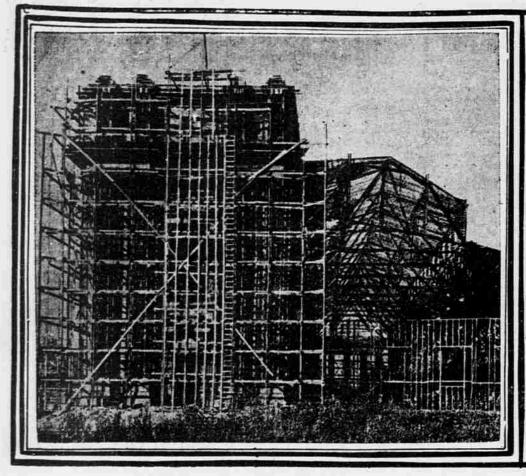
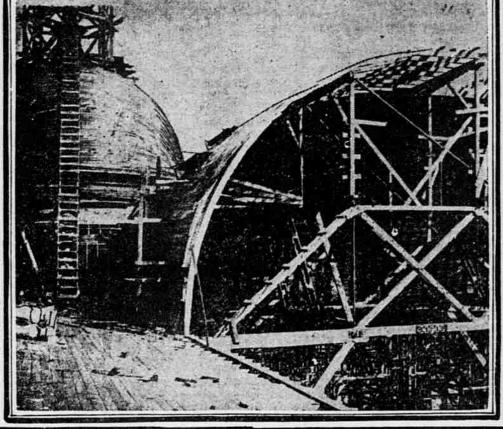
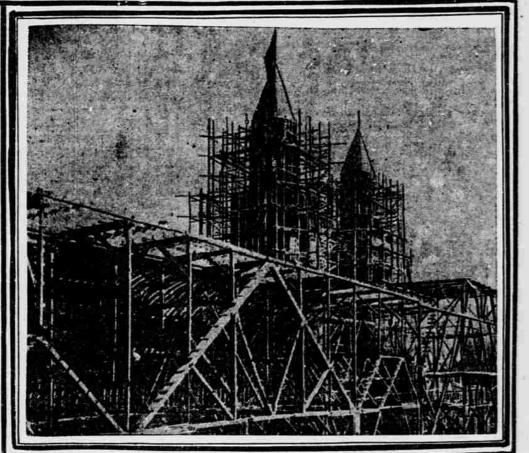
MASSIVE ROOF TRUSSES APPEARING OVER THE MAIN EXPOSITION BUILDINGS.







-By a Republic Photographer.

BOARD WILL INSPECT

ALL POLICE STATIONS

Mayor Wells and Commissioners

Decide on Tuesday as Vis-

iting Day.

DISCIPLINE TO BE EXAMINED.

Officers and Patrolmen Now Busy

Getting Stations and Para-

phernalia in Readi-

nspected Tuesday by Mayor Wells and the

Board of Police Commissioners. The party

will start out early in the morning with

If the day should be too short in which

o finish the inspection of the whole depart-

ment, the officials will select another day

The inspection will be thorough and the

board will attempt to arrive at definite con-

clusions concerning all features of the service. Discipline in every district will be

bottom to top and implements and par

From some source information of the

proposed inspection leaked out since last

Friday and officers, as well as patrolmen.

are preparing for the visit. Unusual activi-

y is apparent in many quarters and every-

thing is being nut in proper readiness to

Many patrolmen are having their stars

shined with pollshing compound until the

ness. Uniforms are in tailor shops under-

going cleaning and pressing. Helmets are

stellar emblems take on the luster of new-

meet the critical gaze of the superiors.

President Hawes.

for completing their work.

ROOF-TRUSS CONSTRUCTION ON THE PALACE OF VARIED INDUSTRIES, FROM THE NORTH WALL OF THE SAME BUILDING. TWIN TOWERS IN THE BACK-

ROOF SPAN OVER THE WEST SECTION OF THE TEXTILES PALACE. SOUTH PAVILION OF THAT STRUCTURE IS THE SQUARE CONSTRUCTION IN THE

LOOKING UNDER THE CORNER OF THE VARIED INDUSTRIES ROOF, FROM A POINT ON TOP OF THE CORNICE OF THAT BUILDING. TRUSSES UPON WHICH THE ROOF RESTS ARE SHOWN, WITH A PAVILION DOME.

COUNSELS CATHOLICS TO LEAVE FRIAR QUESTION TO POPE LEO.

Archbishop Ireland Declares in the Pulpit That No Good Will Come From Public Clamor and a Cry "To Arms"-He Says America Is Just and Will Do What Is Right.

CHURCH MUST WORK WITH GOVERNMENT IF IT WOULD SUCCEED

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 2-Archbishop Ire- | land, preaching this morning in the Cathe-

"The Apostle Paul gives this counsel: 'Not to be more wise than it behooveth to be wise, but to be wise unto sobrlety and according as God hath divided to every one the measure of faith.' In the mind of the apostle things most excellent, if made use of in undue measure and without proper regard to circumstances, of time and place, And this is undoubtedly what is happening in the case of the fiery zeal in defense of Catholic interests which seems to be covering an explosion at the present time among certain classes of American Catholics.

"The interests of the church, it is said, are made to suffer at the hands of the Government in its newly acquired dependencies, and the call to arms is sounded
from the rostrum of Catholic societies and
through the columns of Catholic papers, to
the perturbation of the whole Catholic body. Government in its newly acquired dependand, indeed, of the whole country. The moment has come to say to Catholics, 'Ee wise, be zealous unto sobriety, and according as God bath divided to every one, the measure faith,' and such counsel I take the liberty to give my hearers.

Who are they who complain and protest and call upon Catholics to be up and de-ing? Are they those who might claim to represent the church in its general or even local interests? Has the sovereign Pontiff spoken? Certainly he has not complained; rather has he been heard from in very different tones. Have the ecclesiastical authorities in the dependencies invoked our aid? In no instance have they so acted. Where they have been heard from, as in the case of Porto Rico and of Cuba, it was to tell us in plainest words that they had no grievance, although from irresponsible sources it had been on several previous occasions dinned into our ears that the was robbed and persecuted in both those islands.

CATHOLIC SOCIETIES SHOULD BE RESTRICTED.

"What complaints have been heard come from Individual Catholics or from socie-ties of Catholics. In neither case is there warrant to regresent others than the men themselves or the societies themselves who do speak. Societies of Catholics are organized for purposes of their own; restricted to those purposes. they are within their sphere and are entitled to respect. To venture beyond those purposes and assume general direction of church is quite another thing. It must be remembered that there are

hundreds of thousands of good and influential Catholic laymen, who have com-missioned no society to speak for them. It must, too, be remembered that soldiers of the church, as soldiers of an army of whatsoever kind, whether singly or whether in companies or regiments, must await the action of the commanders before they undertake to act for the whole

There are some very important matters to be considered by Catholics before grievances are proclaimed or action is taken to remedy them. The utmost care must previously be had to make oneself sure the grievances do exist and that they are of sufficient magnitude to be taken hold of in manner to awaken public attention.

ARCHBISHOP APPEALS FOR FAIR PLAY.

"Catholics have in the past suffered much from calumny and distruct, and in their de-fense their appeal has been to fair play and to honest judgment. Of the equitable treatment which they claim for themselves and their religious faith from their fellowcitizens and from the country, let them, in their turn, be high exemplars in their own dealings with their fellow-citizens and with the country. Better often it is to endure some suffering than to give a pretext for opposition and social turmoil. Nothing is to more dreaded in America than hatred and warring among citizens in the name of religion, and it behooves all classes of the population to do their utmost to maintain peace: it behooves Catholics even more than others to be models of prudence and good will in this regard. It is quite easy for a few to kindle a fire which will threaten rav-age to a whole community and which a whole community will find it an arduous

"Nor is public agitation necessary in America to redress grievances. I say it advisedly, and I am prepared to stand by what I here say: There is always redress from grievances so far as circumstances may allow, if it is sought through quiet and reasonable methods from the high repre-sentatives of the Government. Let justice be done to America; in no other country is there a Government so fair-minded, so partial, so willing to treat all classes of citizens with absolute justice.

"And let Catholics be careful lest by imprudent agitation and repeated mistrust of the Government of America they instill into the minds of many of their fellow-citizens the notion that as Catholics they are disposed to form themselves into a people apart, ever dissatisfied with America and its institutions. The Catholic body will never prosper in America unless it be thoroughued with the spirit of the country and

with a deep love for its welfare. To be one of the country is the lesson which Pope Leo is ceaselessly teaching Catholics in ev ery country. It is the lesson which I am confiders he would wish Catholics in Amer-ica to take to heart, even were there in so doing some sacrifice to be made.

CANNOT DISCUSS PHILIPPINE SITUATION.

"As to matters in the Philippine Islands, we cannot discuss them. They are for the time being put beyond our reach, since change into things perilous and hurtful, | they are the subject of negotiations between the Government of America and the Sov-ereign Pontiff. To take at the present such matters into our own hands would be to mistrust the wiedom and the good will of the sovereign Pontiff, and of this loyal Catholics should not be capable; it would be to treat with discourteous ingratitude the administration in Washington, and this as true Americans, Catholics will not permit

> mutual conference between the head of the Frisco also church and representative of the state tem, states: as the proper and dignified way to a final Theodore Roosevelt saw this. Lee took the initiative, proposed the conference and asked the Government to expose frankly and thoroughly its views; the President and ; his advisers accepted the proposal. What more could have been done by the administration to prove its good will and sense of justice? If the administration had refused to send a representative to Rome, verily what clamorings there would have been, and now when it has sent a representative to Rome and agrees to the further proposal can to transfer negotiations to Manila, clamorings are still raised,

"Well, some people are born to clamor, and privilege to clamor must be allowed Be it so, but we shall insist that clamor in their own name and not in the name of the church in America, and for our own part we shall hold our in peace, leaving church interests in the Philippines to one who understands them at least as well as we do, and who will be as wise in disposing of them as we could well hope to be-Leo XIII."

BOY'S BODY STILL IN RIVER.

Parents of Frank Wisniewski, Who Was Drowned, Offer Reward.

The parents of 14-year-old Frank Wisniewski, who was drawn under a barge and drowned while bathing in the river near the foot of Madison street Wednesday, have not yet located his body,



FRANK WISNIEWSKI.

Whose parents are searching for his body in the Mississippi River.

though they have conducted a constant search for it. Joseph Wisniewski has offered a reward for the recovery of his bey's body.

The Wisniewskis live at No. 1221 Sarsfield place. Frank was employed in the Logeman chair factory and with several companions was in the habit of bathing every day in the river. While engaged in this pastime Frank saw a log floating downstream and mounted it. Before he realized his danger the log carried him so close to the barge that his efforts to swim out of danger were futile.

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YOAKUM HOLDS FRISCO CONTROL

Developments Bear Out Statement That the System Will Remain Independent.

LINE BETTERMENTS.

Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain Reducing Curves and Grades, Laying Heavy Rails and Bringing Lines Up to Highest Railroad Standard.

Prisco control is vested in the stock over which B. F. Yoakum, president of the system, has power, and in St. Louis it is well free hand by the financial powers behind the Frisco. Rumors of control, or even of the purchase of Frisco stock by the Southern Railway interests, or by the Rock Island, or any other railroad company, are given no credit whatever in St. Louis, In fact, St. Louis believes that the Frisco

Frisco absorption by some other big sys-"St, Louis has the Missouri Pacific. Eveverybody knows that it is a Goo'd system, and nobody will credit stories stating that

the Goulds are in imminent danger of losing tend it in every direction that prombes to pay in good profits. You may state that the Frisco is striving to put itself upon a firm foundation, trying to become one of the great systems, and that we do not contemplate taking part in any merger with President Yoakum has made the same statement so often that the rumors are be-ginning to have little effect, since the policy

MEXICAN CENTRAL SURVEY. Texas With Frisco.

H. R. Nickerson, vice president and general manager of the Mexican Central Rail way, states the Manufacturers' Record, writes from the City of Mexico cor ming the report that the company is ma...ng a survey in the direction of Texas. It was reported some time ago that the Mexican Central would build into Texas and connect with the St. Louis and San Francisco

crson says:

"The Mexican Central Company is actively constructing a line from San Pedro, one present end of its San Peoro branch, to Palecco, where it was connect with the Monterey division, a distance of 221 kilometers, or 137 miles.

"The company is also constructing a line from Lecheria, just north of the City of Mexice, on its main line, to Tampico The distance, nowever, is yet indefinite, owing to the fact that the surveys are not yet completed.

"The company has also a corps of engineers engaged in making a survey from Paredon, above mentioned, on the Monterey division, to the Rio Grande crossing, but at what point this survey will terminate we are yet unable to say, owing to the incomplete condition of the work. The survey has been completed, however, from Paredon to Lampazos."

Lampazos is in the northern part of the State of Nuevo Leon, about seventy miles from the Rio Grande. The construction of the line from Lecheria to Tampico and from Paredon to the Rio Grande would give the Mexican Central a short route from the City of Mexico to the United States.

MISSOURI PACIFIC STRIDES.

Bettering the Great System's Physical Condition. The management of the Missouri Pacific

and Iron Mountain route has made glant strides recently toward improving and bettering the physical condition of these lines

tering the physical condition of these lines and bringing them up to the standard of the best rainroads in the country.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars have been expended in these betterments, which have greatly enhanced the earning caractly of the lines.

Being essentially St. Louis lines, having their terminals here, and comprising 5.7% miles of the system, these improvements are of peculiar interest to St. Louis, turnishing as they do a clear index to the healthy business conditions prevailing in the territory traversed by these great arteries territory traversed by these great arteries of trade and travel, and on which St. Louis depends so largely for the success of her commercial interests.

o form for the Missouri Pacific one of the nest roadbeds in America. What is now known as the river division of the Missouri Pacific was recently com-leted by building a new line from Jefferson ity to Boonville and from Lake to Kaneas Tity. By this new line the heavy grade of the present main line will be avoide and a low-grade line established from Labadie to Kansas City, 248 miles.

MAY BUY GREAT WESTERN. Cut in Packing-House Rutes Reported to Indicate Offer to Sell.

The packing-house rate reduction by the Western, including reductions on dressed beef, from Kansas City to Chicago and the East, has excited Western railroads more than anything of the kind for
many months, outside of the activity of the
interstate Commerce Commission.

The big railroad systems find it necessary
to pay dividends, and to do this it is necessary to keep rates where they will provide the necessary income, thus putting
up the rates to the highest notch on important articles of freight. For this reason, it is stated, many of the big systems,
or the systems having a part in the big
mergers, have found it best to absorb the
smaller or independent systems.

The Chicago Great Western is an independent system, and is trying to maintain
uself against the arger systems. To do
this, it finds concessions a good thing, it
is stated that since secret rates have been
abolished, the Great Western must make
such concessions to get a fair share of
business. This new turn of the Great
Western seriously affects the situation, as
the cut is made on one of the most important articles carried East by the big
systems.

This situation gives rise to a report that end the East, has excited Western rail-

make an effort to secure control of the Great Western. It is stated from the Great Western lettliory must the cut is simply a notice to some of these interests that the Great Western is for sale, if the proper price is offered.

UNIQUE ENGINE FOR OFFICIALS. Designed for Inspection Trips-Auswers Purpose of Train.

gine has just been completed by the Baltinore and Ohio Railroad at its Mount Clair shops, this city. It is designed for the use of officials in making inspection.

Though called an inspection engine, it really answers the purpose of u whole train. The engine has a small passenger ach constructed on top of the ooller back of the smokestack. The boiler is heavily covered with ashering buck of the smokestack. The boiler is heav-ily covered with asbestos, and the floor of the car with Brussels carpet. The seats in the conch are arranged in amphitheater style, so as to give every one in the car a full view of the track, and surrounding country. Passengers enter the car by wind-ing stairs on either side of the front pilot. The engine may be readily run in either direction.

of the road has borne these statements out Louisville and Nashville Branch.

Lonisville and Nashville Branch.
The Donelson Construction Company, or which J. E. Donelson is president and J. H. Johnsten secretary and treasurer, is the centractor for the Eastern Railway of Alabama. Mr. Johnston states:

The Eastern Railway of Alabama is being boilt for the surcose of reaching pyrites mines in Clay County, Alabama. The first twenty miles have been let, and we are moving an outfit to Talladega to commence immediate construction on this line. The immediate purpose of this road is to develop this pyrites property, but the ultimate intention is to construct it to Ashland, the county seat of Clay County, which is one of the richest counties in mineral in the State.

The first ten miles of this.

of the richest country.

State.

"The first ien miles of this road, for which we have the contract, is through a very rugged country, and follows Talladega Creek, where it breaks through Talladega M untain. The country is well watered, and abounds in mineral springs of varied respective. properties.
"While the Eastern Railway of Alabama

"While the Eastern Railway of Alabama is a separate and distinct corportion, the money for the construction of it is being advanced by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company ar I Mr. R. Manifort, chief engineer of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, is the chief engineer of the Eastern Railway of Alabama, and will have supervision of the congouetten."

Commission's Accident Report. The interstate Commerce Commission has broad accident bulletin No. 3, showing collinions and derailments of trains and castalities to persons, for the three months ending March 21, 1902. The number of persons killed in train accidents was 212, and of injured 2,111. Accidents of other kinds, including those sustained by employes while at work and by passengers in getting on or off cars, bring the total number up to \$13 killed and 9,958 injured. During this period there were 1,220 collisions and 85 derailments, of which 221 collisions and 85 derailments, of which 221 collisions and 86 detailments affected passenger trains, resulting in 41 fatal accidents to passengers and 825 injured. From other accidents there were 12 passengers killed and 43 injured, making a total of 53 passengers killed and 1,229 injured. The damage to cars, engines and roadway by these accidents amounted to 31,914,258. Commission's Accident Report.

Big Four Apointment.

O. L. Winslow has been appointed commercial agent of the Big Four at Grand Rapids, Mich., succeeding H. M. Matthews, deceased. T. J. Kiser has been appointed traveling freight agent of the company and is succeeded as live stock agent at Indianapolis by S. H. Thomas.

J. Henry, who has been general yard-master of the Pennsylvania lines at Columbus, O. has been appointed assistant to the trainmaster, and has been succeeded as general yardmaster by E. M. Heaton, Henry W. Francisco succeeded Mr. Heaton as general yardmaster at Bradford, and B. Woodward has been made day ansistant general yarmaster, vice Francisco, promoted. Blg Four Apointment.

MISS HELEN GOULD MAKES LONG JOURNEY IN AUTOMOBILE.

Accompanied by Few Friends, She Goes From Her Home at Tarrytown to Roxbury, Her Summer Residence, in Her \$10,-000 Panhard Coach.

LUXURIOUS MODE OF TRAVEL.

Inside the Paris Model There Is Ample Room for Four Persons, One of Whom Engineer-Can Make Twenty Miles an Hour.



MISS HELEN GOULD.

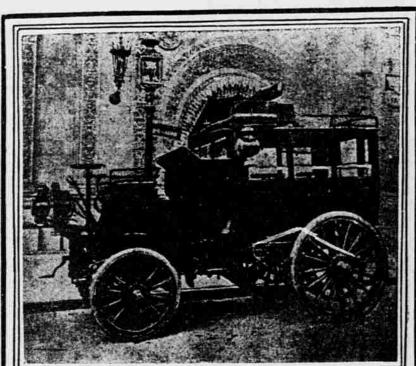
New York, Aug. 3.-Miss Helen Miller Gould is enjoying the delights of automobiling. feature of her vacation outing is her tour in her \$10,000 Panhard tourney coach, built in

Miss Gould's first trip has already begun. It is from Tarrytown, N. Y., her home, to investigated stations will be inspected from the month of August at Roxbury and return to Tarrytown in September, phernalia will be examined.

The machine used provides commodious traveling accommodations, and no high rate of speed has been calculated on, although it is said that the vehicle can make twenty miles an hour over ordinary roads. The interior is luxuriously fitted up and four persons can be very comfortably carried

nd still leave room for one to lie down. In fine weather the coach affords all the advantages of the old-time coaching trips, as there are seats on top for six. Miss Gould, it is said, will carry only two servants, a chauffeur and another to attend

to the personal comforts of the travelers. Two days will be consumed in making the trip, All along the road from opposite Tarrytown to Roxbury there are a number of quaint little taverns, and the roads that Miss Gould is said to have chosen offer as fine an opportunity for coaching as will be found in New York State. Following Miss Gould's example it is believed that other automobilists will take up this form of coaching, as it is most luxurious and less expensive than the old style, where horses have to be provided at



MISS GOULD'S \$10,000 AUTOMOBILE COACH.

torpedo craft.

guns of the older type-not such as have

been designed for the latest battleships--in

the forward turret; four 4-inch rapid-fire

structure and a number of smaller rapid

fire guns, the object of which is to repel

sister ships are a good deal speedier than

seedful. The two triple expansion engines. actuating twin screws, will be able to sen

the ships along at a twelve-knot clip. To do this they each carry four water-tube

boilers working at the high pressure of 250

Aside from the tax upon the men in the

firerooms-a peg worse, in some respects, than that upon the sorely tried men in the

engine-rooms-a great deal of heat will be

body of the craft. Great blowers and nu-

merous electric fans will do their best to keep fresh the otherwise comfortable liv-

ing spaces for the complement of 130 per-

News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company. Her keel was laid on the 14th of November,

1899. She was launched a year and four days later, and will be ready for commis-

sion now in a few months. When turned over to the Navy Department her contract-ors will have earned \$86,000 and the Gov-

ernment, while not acquiring a thing of beauty, will have a useful instrument of

Working along the American coast, the

coal supply of 200 tons will give the Arkan-sas a considerable radius of action, while

modest draft will enable the class to safe-

and towns not protected by permanent bat-

guard many of the minor seaboard cities

The Arkansas was built by the Newport

adiated throughout the whole of the inner

The vessel carries no torpedo outfit Purpose considered, the Arkansas and her

rifles mounted on the corners of the super-

ARKANSAS WILL BE TESTED WEDNESDAY

Government's New Harbor Defense Monitor Will Be Ready for Commission Within a Few Months.

New York, Aug. 3. - Wind and weather

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

within reasonable limitations permitting, the newly finished harbor defense monitor Arkansas will have her governmental speed trial in the Chesapeake next Wednesday. She is scheduled to make twelve knots. The Arkansas, officially termed a harbor defense monitor, is 252 feet long on the water line, has a beam of 50 feet, and, upon a displacement of 3,235 tons, will draw only 1214 feet of water. She is fitted with a powerful ram-the weapon that history shows it a possible to use but in few instances not fraught with as much peril to the ramming ship as to the enemy. But if she can fairly launch her weight at full speed at a foeman nothing would carry more certain doom. Lying low upon the water, with all of her exposed hull stoutly covered with armor ranging from 5 to 11 inches thick, with her two big guns well housed in a turret of hardened steel 11 inches thick, and with the hases of her smokestack and ventilators guarded by folds of the same tough metal,

she offers but a limited target to an en-The main battery consists of two 12-inch

eing brushed strenuously, badges made bright and batons polished with cloths dampened with oil Tuesday will be an important day in all districts, and every Captain is anxious that his men shall make a good appearance and

excellent impression. The men in the stations are putting the buildings in exceptionally good condition and are spending energy in making furniture, wagons, implemente, horses and all accessories look bet-President Hawes spent Sunday in Arcadia, but he is expected back to-day. He will certainly return in time to accom-

pany the board on its trip. The officials will go from station to station, including those in the Mounted District, and will make an investigation of conditions in the whole department.

FRUIT VENDER WAS ANGERED.

Caused Arrest of Men Who Took Bag of Peanuts.

The taking of a bag of peanuts from the fruit stand of John D. Nicolas at Thirteenth and Market streets yesterday afternoon provoked a conflict between Nicolas, William Ahern and George Selzer, both of No. 1601 Olive street, which landed Ahern and Selzer in the holdover at the Central District Police Station on a charge of dis-turbance of the peace and caused general

turbance of the peace and caused general excitement in the neighborhood.

Both Ahern and Seizer are young men, who were bent on Sunday afternoon enjoyment. Seeing one of them take peanuts, Nicolas ran from the inside of his stand and demanded payment.

He seized one of the men by the arm, but was shaken off. Then Nicolas became excited and a scuffle followed, in which both Ahern and Seizer sustained bruises, Missiles were thrown and five of the glass windows of the stand were shattered.

Nicolas drew a revolver, at sight of which Ahern and Seizer retreated. The Italian fired several shots in the air to attract policemen, who scon came and placed the two men under arrest. They were released on bond.

WAS ASSAULTED AND ROBBED.

Victim Positively Identified Man Arrested as His Assailant.

James Barry, 22 years old, was arrested early yesterday morning and locked up at the Four Courts for investigation. He has been identified by Jerry Lucy of No. 1112 Chestnut street as one of the three men who, he says, held him up at 1:45 yesterday morning on St. Charles street between Sixth and Seventh streets and robbed him of \$11 after severely beating him.

Barry, who says he lives at No. 2231 Carr street, was running when arrested by Patrolmen Clifford and Dunn. Lucy will apply for a warrant this morning.

Youngest Superintendent.

The report that Muir B. Snow, who was recently promoted to superintendent of the central division of the Michigan Central, is the youngest division superintendent of any important road in America, is stated to be wrong. A. S. Ingells, superintendent of the Big Four, with jurisdiction from Cleveland to Columbus and to Indianapolis, is the same age as Mr. Snow. Both were born in 1874, making each 28 years of age. The report that Mr. Snow is the youngest superintendent has gone the rounds of the railroad world, but Mr. Ingalls gives him a close second. He is even younger than Mr. Snow, unless the latter was born in the last ten months of the year.